

# Welcome

to the presentation

## Modular Graphical Programming (MGP) of FPGAs

**Dr.-Ing. J. Pospiech**

AVT GmbH Ilmenau

Am Hammergrund 1

98693 Ilmenau

Tel: +49 (0)3677 / 64 79 0

Fax: +49 (0)3677 / 64 79 69

Email: [info@avt-ilmenau.de](mailto:info@avt-ilmenau.de)

Web: [www.avt-ilmenau.de](http://www.avt-ilmenau.de)



# Topics

- 1. Introduction**
- 2. Programming of FPGAs**
- 3. New concept of FPGA programming**  
6 steps of Modular Graphical Programming (MGP)
- 4. Conclusion**

## Introduction

FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Arrays = free programmable hardware circuits)

The most important **advantages** of the use of **FPGAs** are:

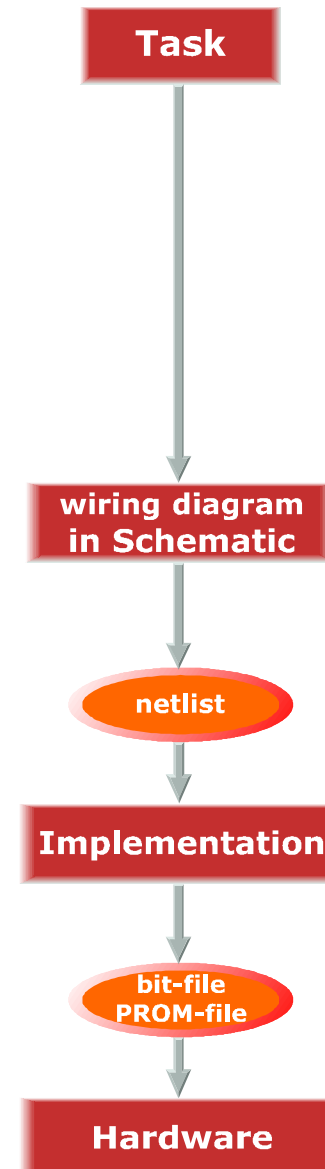
- Extremely fast for intensive calculations by the use of parallel processing
- Small dimensions, small energy consumption and low thermal load
- Flexible by the use of reprogrammable logic blocks
- A lot of free definable inputs and outputs (more than 1100)
- No or few redesigns of printed circuit boards necessary
- Fast development of designs with comfortable software tools shortens time-to-market
- Many additional components can be integrated in the FPGA, e.g. CPU, I/O control, RAM control, filters, ...
- Application of completed Soft-IP-Cores for implementation of expert knowledge



## Programming of FPGAs

Essential programming methods of FPGAs:

1. Former FPGA programming methods  
based on Netlists of logic elements and system gates
  - produce giant netlists for big FPGAs
  - ECS/Schematics is one of the graphical programming tool of design entry
  - following implementation tool consist of translate, mapping, place & route and bit-file generation





## Programming of FPGAs

### 2. FPGA programming with VHDL/Verilog

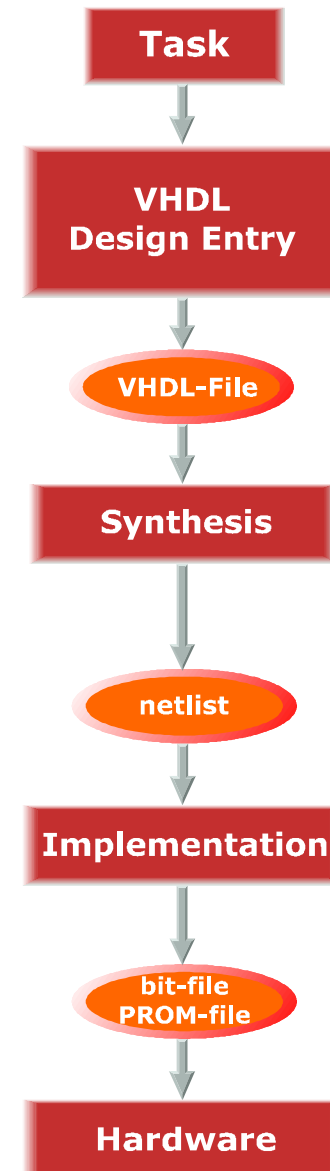
#### Design entry

#### Advantages:

- easy description and programming of complex functions
- programming of big FPGAs possible

#### Disadvantages:

- command-line oriented, difficult documentation for good overview
- good knowledge of description language necessary, long period of vocational adjustment of application engineers



## Programming of FPGAs

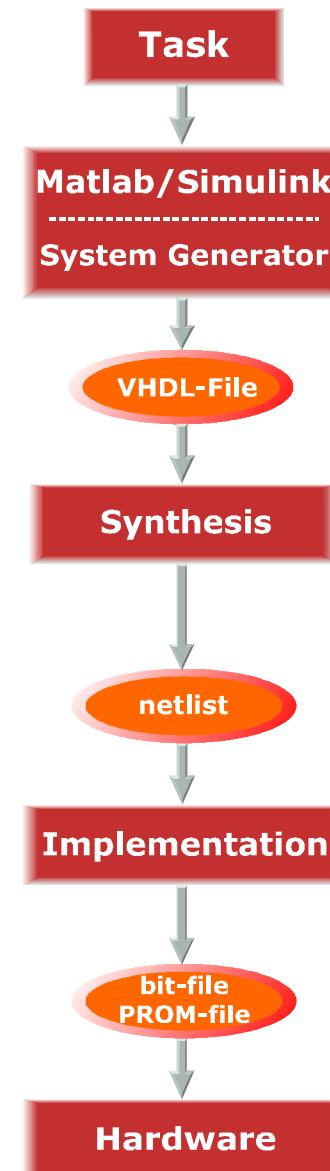
### 3. FPGA programming with graphical design entry on high level

#### Advantages:

- easy graphical programming on high level
- a good overview and documentation of the design is guaranteed
- bit and cycle true simulation
- programming of big FPGAs possible
- automatic generation of HDL and netlists

#### Disadvantages:

- knowledge of basic HDL syntax, Matlab language and Simulink blocksets necessary, long period of vocational adjustment of application engineers
- expensive software costs



## Programming of FPGAs

Problems of actual programming methods especially for newcomer:

- high costs of comfortable programming software
- high costs for training period of application engineers

Additional hardware problems for newcomer:

- unknown technology of FPGA design in PCB layout

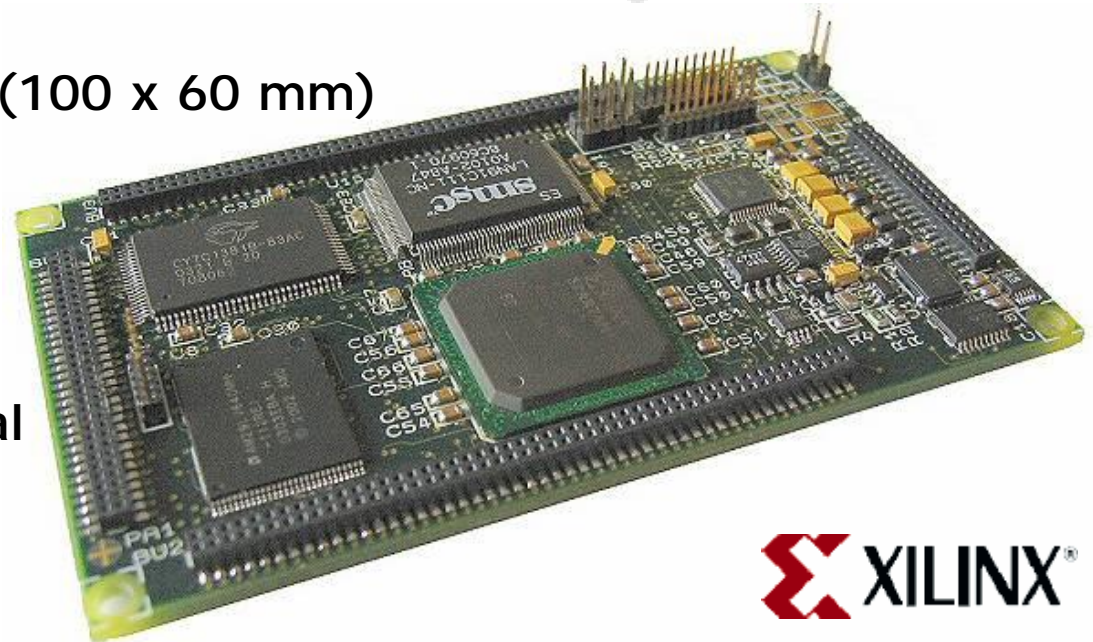
These are important problems of small and medium enterprises and build high walls to use this technology.

## Solving the problems

Hardware problems can be solved by use of small and universal FPGA development kits.

Example of a development kit that can also be used as final product for small and medium series:

- Development Kit = final product
- space-saving design (100 x 60 mm)
- use of established FPGA from XILINX
- widespread peripheral devices onboard





## Modular Graphical Programming (MGP)

Application Programming with XILINX ISE and AVT Toolbox

- vocational adjustment in very short time
- graphical programming with complex functional blocks (cores)
- free software for implementation and graphical input
- extension of functions with basic elements, IP-Cores or HDL

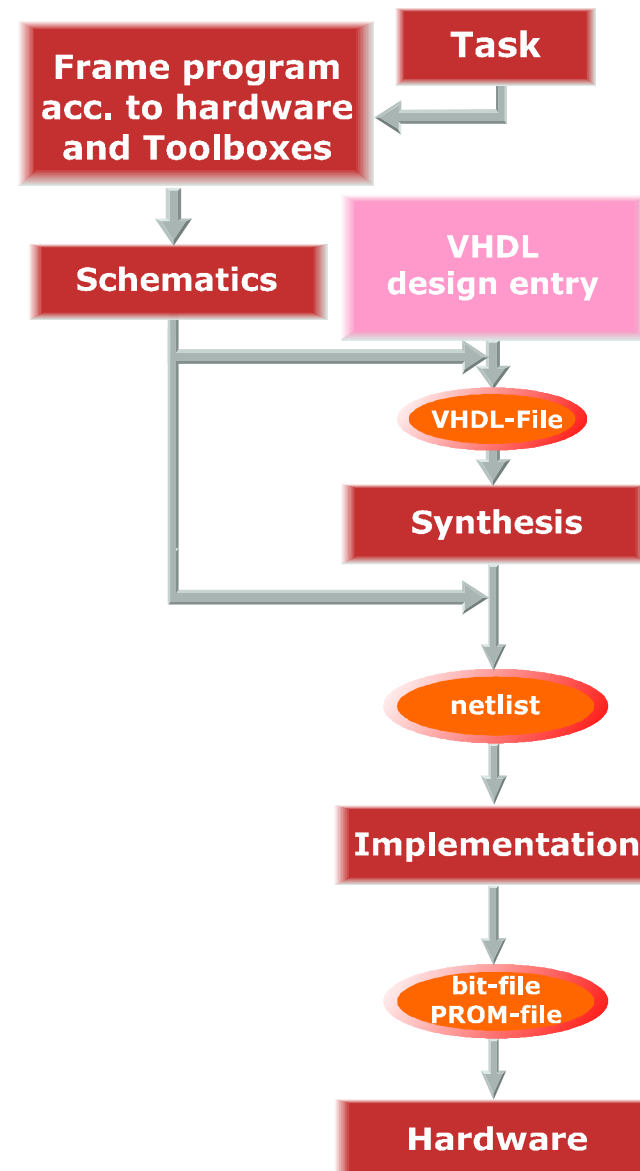


## Modular Graphical Programming (MGP)

Design flow of MGP:

- application engineer must have the task and realization idea
- application engineer use graphical frame program according hardware
- add for application necessary functions as graphical modules of toolbox
- generation of FPGA programming file by using implementation tool

MGP consists of 6 steps à



## Modular Graphical Programming (MGP)

### 1. Step: Calculation of design resources

- choice of design functions according to the application
- enter of bit width and number of functions in an Excel sheet
- output is the sum of necessary design resources (slices and BlockRAM) comparable with chosen FPGA

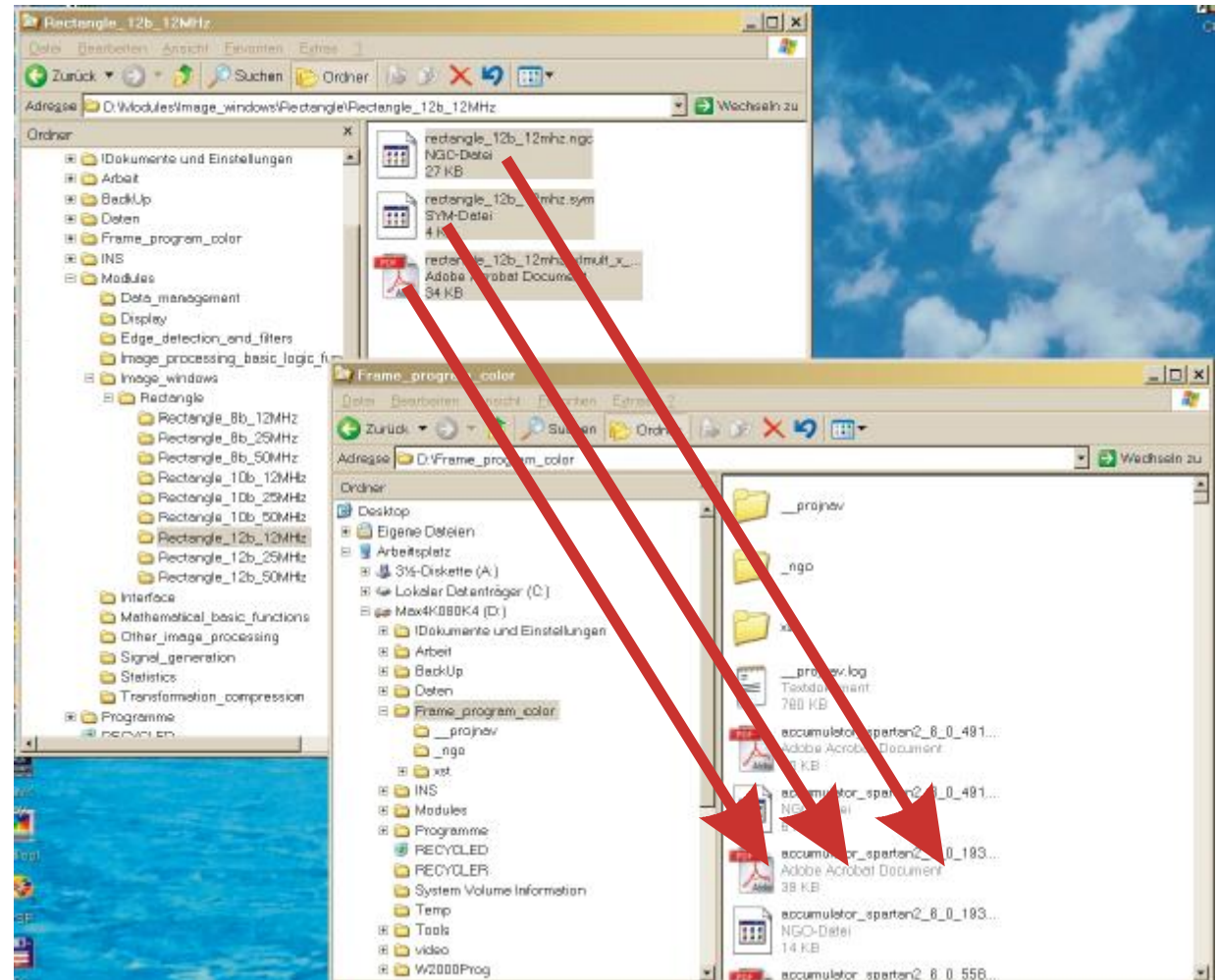
A		G	I	L	J	K
1 Functions in XILINX-FPGAs		Input		Output		
		number	bit width	Slices	BlockRAM	bits/Hz
2						
3						
4						
5	Mathematical basic functions					
6	Const			1	0	
7	Add			1	0	
8	Sub			1	0	
9	Mult	5	10	10	0	1920
10	Div			1	0	
11	Block RAM (with constant)			1	1	
12	Limit			0	0	
13	log_2			0	0	
14				1	1	
15	Signal generation					
16	Pulse			0	0	
18	random_half_10MHz			1	1	
19	occur_bs_01_20MHz			0	0	
20	occur_bs_01_50MHz			0	0	
21	random_half_10MHz			1	1	
22	occur_bs_02_20MHz			0	0	
23	occur_bs_02_50MHz			0	0	
24	edge_detect_on_fank_falling			1	1	
25	edge_detect_on_fank_increasing			0	0	
26	edge_detect_on_fank_syncron			0	0	
27	Pattern_half			1	1	
28	Pattern_00101			0	0	
29	occur_ber			0	0	
30	random_half_in_dough			1	1	
31	occur_bar_vagarily			0	0	
32				0	0	
33	Image windows					
34	rectangle_xxx_12MHz	5	12	70	0	300
35	rectangle_xxx_25MHz			0	0	
36	rectangle_xxx_50MHz			1	1	
37				0	0	
38				0	0	
39	Edge detection and filters					
40				1	1	
41	binary image + edge detect on (3x 4/5/10 px)			0	0	
42	Sobel (8x 8) gray ag.			0	0	
43	Laplacian (4x 4)			1	1	
44	low_pass			1	0	0.2
45	high_pass		10	10	0	
46	Median (3x 3), OPT (3x 3), y0=0, y0P=0, x0=0, x0P=0			1	1	
47	Prewitt (3x 3)			0	0	
48	Default (3x 3) (NAND)			1	1	



## Modular Graphical Programming (MGP)

### 2. Step: Copy of necessary module files

- copy of module files from toolbox directory to working directory
- module files are netlists and graphical symbols of functions
- additional report files consist of space and timing information

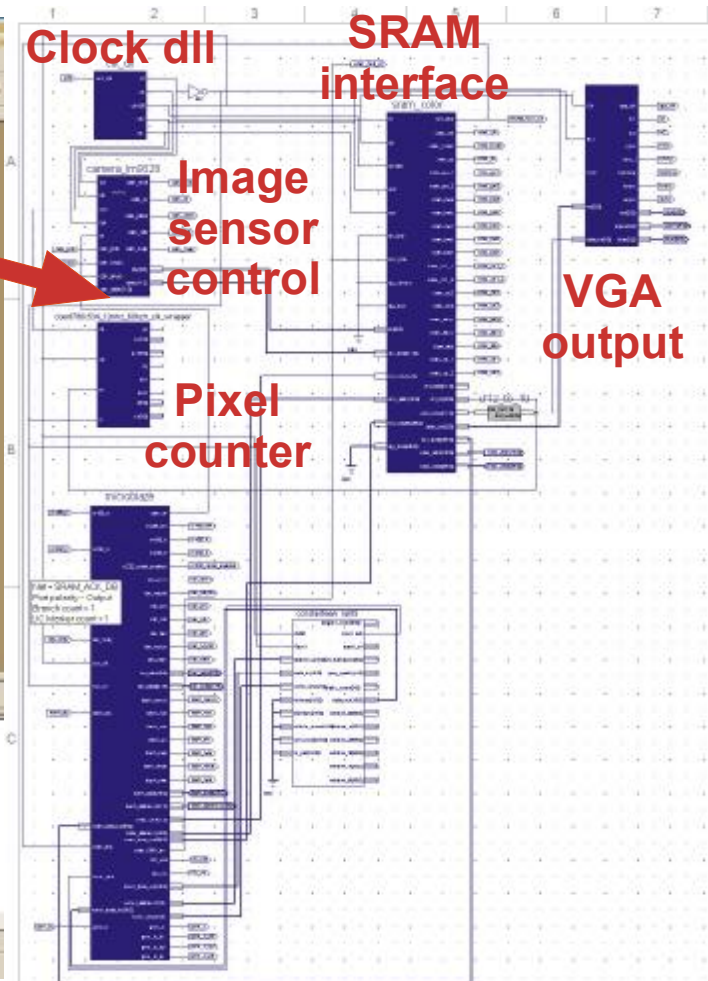
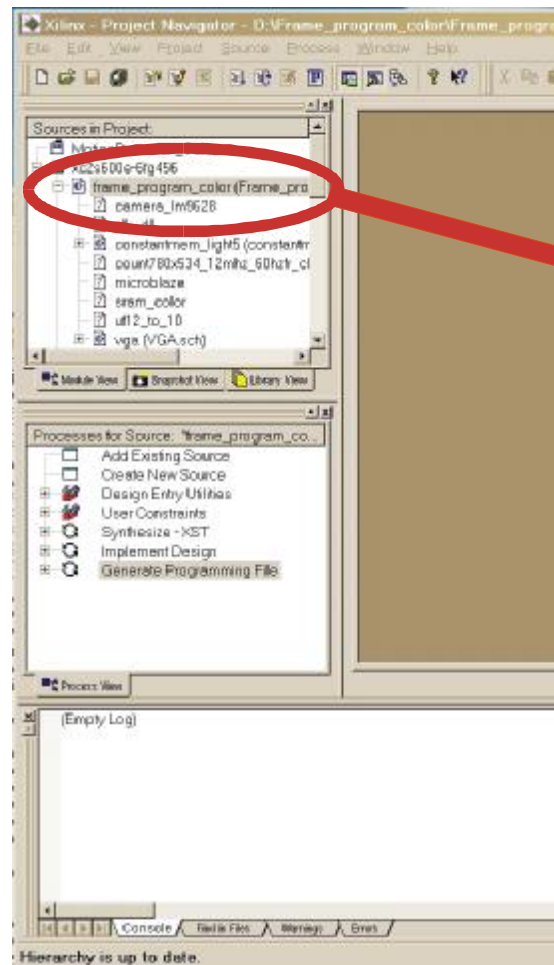




## Modular Graphical Programming (MGP)

### 3. Step: Start of frame program inside implementation tool

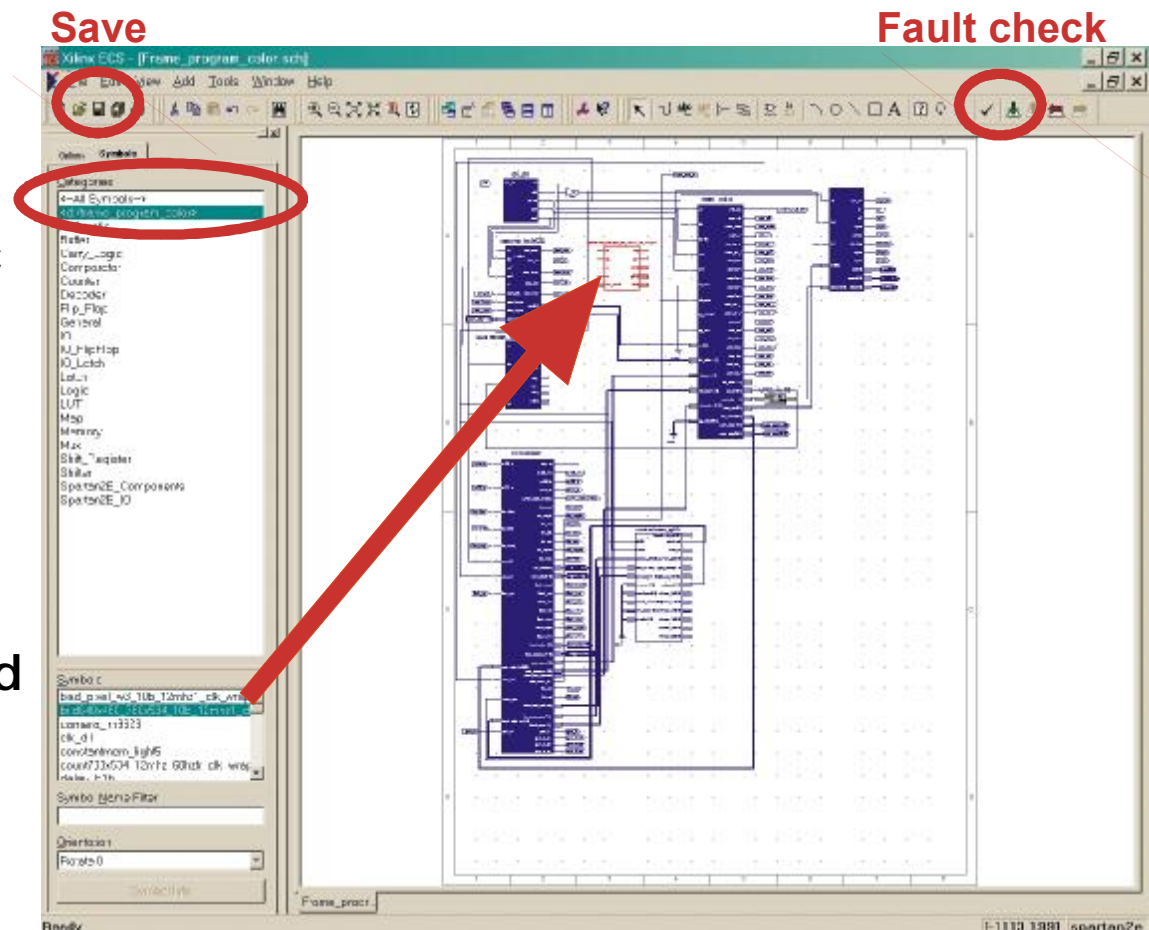
- Xilinx ISE project navigator shows parts of design of the frame program and implementation steps
- open frame program in ECS/ Schematics



## Modular Graphical Programming (MGP)

### 4. Step: Assembling of module symbols in application schematic

- Symbols of module functions can be found in working directory in ECS/Schematic. After choice of modules, they can be assembled inside application schematic
- Data lines between frame program modules can be separated and re-connected with modules of predefined functions between them
- fault check and save

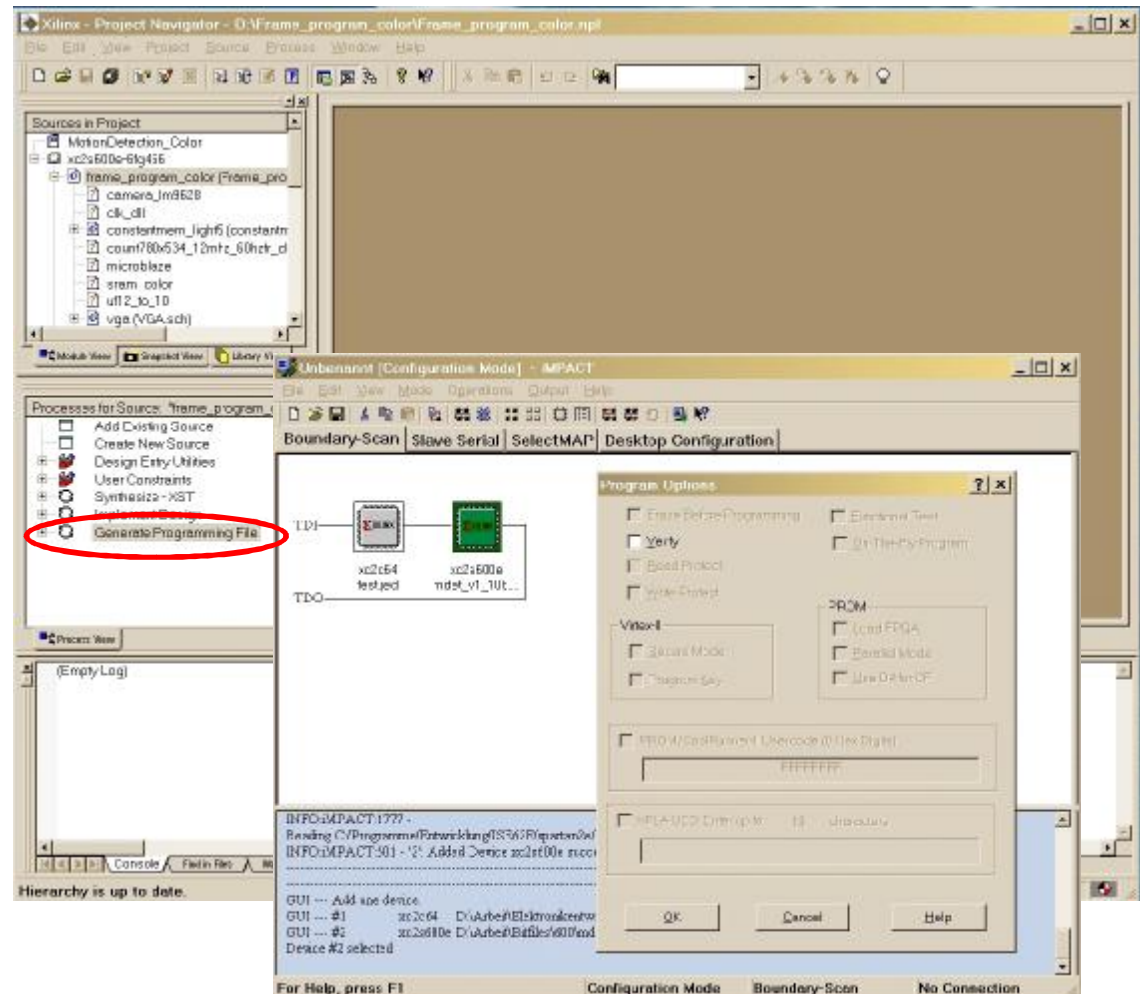




## Modular Graphical Programming (MGP)

### 5. and 6. Step: Program file generation and hardware programming

- Automatic generation of program file by double-clicking last implementation step; all steps will run automatically
- the "IMPACT" program (part of Xilinx ISE) load generated bit-file inside FPGA



how does it look like à

## Modular Graphical Programming (MGP)

- MGP toolbox consist of more than 800 modules with a center on video processing, digital signal processing and communication
- Module functions are arranged in different categories (mathematical basic functions, signal generation, edge detection and filters, transformation and compression, statistics, display functions, interface control, image processing and data management)
- Modules contain also of very complex functions like JPEG compression, use of XILINX MicroBlaze 32 bit RISC processor inside FPGA and mixed hardware/software modules connected to MicroBlaze processor.



## Conclusion

- Modular Graphical Programming (MGP) is made for an easy, cost efficient and fast *entry* in FPGA design and/or a fast design *extension* of existing designs with cores
- MGP is easy to use and fast to learn → save costs
- MGP make fast finish of applications possible → save costs
- MGP is seamless integrated in implementation tool, no special programming software necessary → save costs
- MGP is also extendable by own functions → save costs  
(MGP make different design entries possible:  
Schematic modules, VHDL modules, modules  
of Core/System Generator and IP Cores)
- After *start* working with FPGAs MGP will expand the knowledge about FPGA programming systematically

## Our offer

- A lot of modules of MGP are free of charge with development kit of AVT GmbH
- Bigger and more complex functions will deliver for low costs
- Generation of newer versions and more functions is in progress
- Access of FPGA knowledge and MGP programming method is supported by modular training courses

MGP is also ideal suited for System-on-Chip designs on FPGA with hardware and software libraries of MicroBlaze processor, we offer our knowledge in training courses

**For more information please contact us  
or come to me in coffee break à**

# Contact Information

## AVT GmbH Ilmenau

Automatisierungs- und Verfahrenstechnik

Am Hammergrund 1

D-98693 Ilmenau

- GERMANY -



### Email and Telephone Numbers:

Tel: +49 (0) 36 77 / 64 79 0

Fax: +49 (0) 36 77 / 64 79 69

Email: [info@avt-ilmenau.de](mailto:info@avt-ilmenau.de)

Web: [www.avt-ilmenau.de](http://www.avt-ilmenau.de)



### Contact Person:

Dr.-Ing. Jörg Pospiech

CEO, Director of Development

Herr Wilfried Geyer

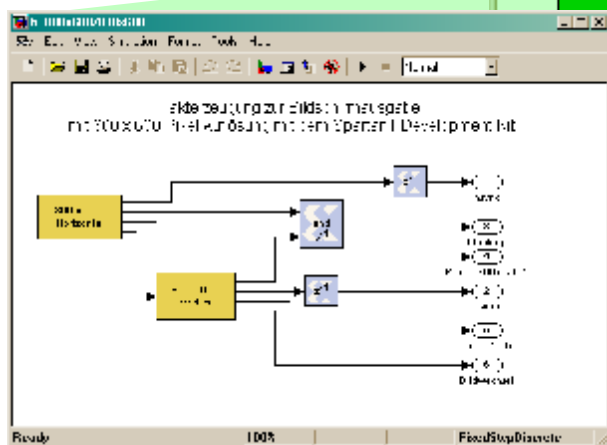
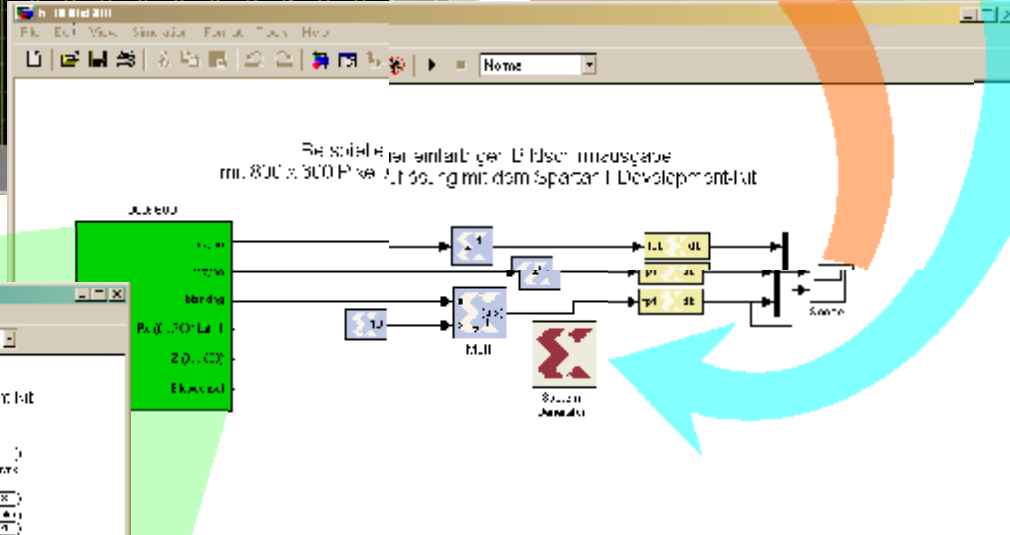
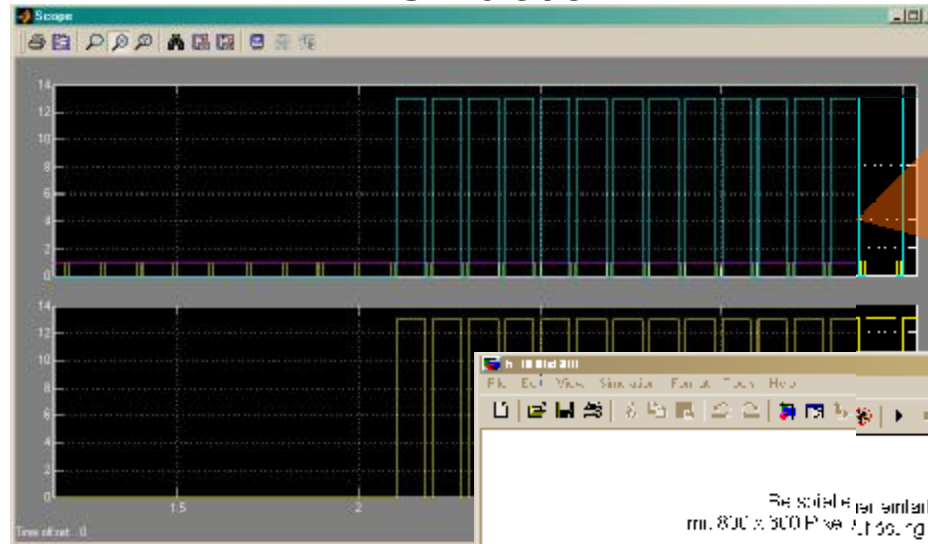
Constructions



# Programming of FPGAs

Simulation

XILINX-Library



Simulink

